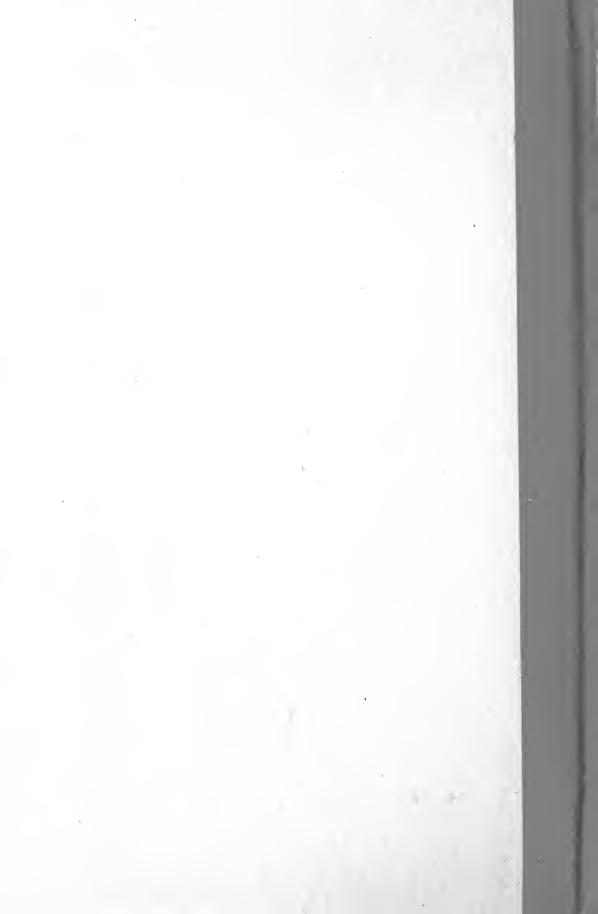
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STATUTES

No. 13

OF

COLUMBIA COLLEGE,

REVISED AND PASSED

BY THE

BOARD OF TRUSTEES,

MAY, 1848.

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED

AN HISTORICAL SKETCH

OF THE

COLLEGE.

NEW YORK: PRINTED FOR COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

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HISTORICAL SKETCH

OF

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

The establishment of a College in the City of New-York, was many years in agitation before the design was carried into effect. At length, under an Act of Assembly, passed in December, 1746, and other similar acts which followed, moneys were raised by public lottery "for the encouragement of learning and towards the founding a college" within the colony.—These moneys were in November, 1751, vested in Trustees; of whom, ten in number, seven were members of the Church of England, and some of these seven were also vestrymen of Trintry Church.

These circumstances, together with the liberal grant of land to the College by Trinity Church, excited apprehensions of a design to introduce a churchestablishment within the province, and caused violent opposition to the plan, as soon as it became known, of obtaining a royal charter for the college.

This opposition, however, being at last in a great measure surmounted, the Trustees in November, 1753, invited Dr. Samuel Johnson, of Connecticut, to be President of the intended College. Dr. Johnson consequently removed to New-York in the month of April following, and in July, 1754, commenced the instruction of a class of students in the vestry room of the school-house belonging to Trinity Church; but he would not absolutely accept of the Presidency until after the passing of the charter. This took place on the 31st of October in the same year, 1754; from which period, the existence of the College is properly to be dated. The Governors of the College, named in the charter, are the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the first Lord Commissioner for trade and plantations, both empowered to act by proxies; the Lieutenant Governor of the Province, and several other public officers; together with the Rector of Trinity Church, the senior Minister of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, the Ministers of the German Lutheran Church, of the French Church, of the Presbyterian Congregation, and the President of the College, all ex officio, and twenty-four of the principal gentlemen of the City. The College was to be known by the name of King's College. Previously to the passing of the charter, a parcel of ground to the westward of Broadway,

on which the College now stands, had been destined by the Vestry of Trinity Church as a site for the College edifice; and, accordingly, after the charter was granted, a grant of the land was made, on the 13th of May, 1755.

The sources whence the funds of the Institution were derived, besides the proceeds of the lotteries above mentioned, were the voluntary contributions of private individuals in this country, and sums obtained by agents who were subsequently sent to England and France. In May, 1760, the College buildings began to be occupied. In March, 1763, Dr. Johnson resigned his office of President, and the Rev. Dr. Myles Cooper, of Oxford, who had previously been appointed Professor of Moral Philosophy, and assistant to the President, was elected in his place. In 1767, a grant of land was obtained, under the government of Sir Henry Moore, of twenty-four thousand acres, situated in the northern parts of the Province of New-York; but by the terms of the treaty which the State of New-York concluded with Vermont upon its erection into a separate state, this among other grants of lands lying within its limits, was annulled, and the College consequently lost a tract of great value, inasmuch as it constituted the county town of the county in which it was situated.

In August, of the year 1767, a Medical School was established in the Col-

The following account of the Institution, supposed to be written by Dr. Cooper, shows its condition previously to the war of the revolution:

"Since the passing of the charter, the Institution hath received great emolument by grants from his most gracious majesty King George the Third, and by liberal contributions from many of the nobility and gentry in the parent country; from the society for the propagation of the Gospel in foreign parts, and from several public-spirited gentlemen in America and elsewhere. By means of these and other benefactions, the Governors of the College have been enabled to extend their plan of education almost as diffusely as any college in Europe; herein being taught, by proper Masters and Professors, who are chosen by the Governors and President, Divinity, Natural Law, Physic, Logic, Ethics, Metaphysics, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, Geography, History, Chronology, Rhetoric, Hebrew, Greek, Latin, Modern Languages, the Belles-Lettres, and whatever else of literature may tend to accomplish the pupils as scholars and gentlemen.

"To the College is also annexed a Grammar School for the due preparation of those who propose to complete their education with the arts and sciences.

"All students but those in Medicine, are obliged to lodge and diet in the College, unless they are particularly exempted by the Governor or President; and the edifice is surrounded by a high fence, which also encloses a large court and garden, and a porter constantly attends at the front gate, which is closed at ten o'clock each evening in summer, and nine in winter; after which hours, the names of all that come in are delivered weekly to the President.

"The College is situated on a dry gravelly soil, about one hundred and fifty yards from the bank of the Hudson river, which it overlooks; commanding from the eminence on which it stands, a most extensive and beautiful prospect of the opposite shore and country of New Jersey, the City and Island of New-York, Long Island, Staten Island, New-York Bay with its Islands, the Narrows, forming the mouth of the harbor, etc., etc.; and being totally unencumbered by any adjacent buildings, and admitting the purest circulation of air from the river, and every other quarter, has the benefit of as agreeable and healthy a situation as can possibly be conceived.

"Visitations by the Governors are quarterly; at which times, premiums

of books, silver medals, etc., are adjudged to the most deserving.

"This Seminary hath already produced a number of gentlemen, who do great honor to their professions, the place of their education, and themselves, in Divinity, Law, Medicine, etc., etc., in this and various other colonies, both on the American continent and West India Islands; and the College is annually increasing as well in students as reputation."

In consequence of the dispute between this and the parent country, Dr. Cooper returned to England, and the Rev. Benjamin Moore was appointed *Præses pro tempore*, during the absence of Dr. Cooper; who, however, did not return.

On the breaking out of the revolutionary war, the business of the College was almost entirely broken up, and it was not until after the return of

peace, that its affairs were again regularly attended to.

In May, 1784, all the Seminaries of learning in the State of New-York were, by an act of Legislature, placed under the authority of Regents, who were styled *Regents of the University*. These Regents immediately set about the regulation of the College, the name of which was now changed to *Columbia College*. New Professors were appointed; a Grammar School and a Medical Department were established.

The College continued under the immediate superintendence of the Regents until April, 1787; when the original charter, with necessary alterations, was confirmed, and the College placed under twenty-nine Trustees, who were to exercise their functions until their number should be reduced, by death, resignation, or removal from the State, to twenty-four; after which, all vacancies in their Board were to be filled by their own choice.

In May, 1787, Dr. Wm. Samuel Johnson, son of the first President, was elected President of Columbia College. During the previous vacancy of the presidential chair, the Professors had presided in turn; and certificates were given to graduates, in place of regular diplomas.

In the beginning of the year 1792, the Medical School was placed upon a more respectable and efficient footing than before.

Dr. Johnson resigned the office of President in July, 1800, and was suc-

ceeded the year following, by the Rev. Dr. Wharton, who resigned his office at the end of about seven months.

Bishop Moore succeeded Dr. Wharton as President. His ecclesiastical duties were such, that he was not expected to take an active part in the business of the College, except on particular occasions. The chief management of its concerns devolved upon the Professors.

In 1809, the requisites for entrance into College, to take effect the following year, were very much raised, and a new course of study and system of discipline was established.

A new amended charter was obtained from the Legislature in 1810; by which the power of the College to lease its real estate for 21 years was extended to 63 years.

Bishop Moore resigned his office of President in May, 1811, in order to make room for some person who might devote his whole time and attention to the College; and in June following, a new office, styled that of *Provost*, was created. The *Provost* was to supply the place of the President in his absence, and was to conduct the classical studies of the senior class. Shortly after this new arrangement, the Rev. Wm. Harris, and the Rev. John M. Mason, were elected President and Provost.

In consequence of the establishment of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New-York, the Medical School of Columbia College was, in November, 1813, discontinued.

The Provost resigned his office in 1816; since which time the College has been under the sole superintendence of a President.

In September of 1817, steps were taken by the Trustees for a thorough repair of the old edifice, which was in a very decayed state, and for the erection of additional buildings. Before the end of the year 1820, the proposed alterations and additions were completed.

At the close of the year 1827, the Trustees resolved upon the establishment of a Grammar School, under the superintendence of the Faculty of the College: which resolution was carried into effect early in the following year; and, in 1829, a building was erected upon the College ground for the accommodation of scholars.

In October, of the year 1829, Dr. Harris, the President of the College, died; and, on the 9th of December following, Wm. A. Duer, LL. D., was elected in his room.

With a view of rendering the benefits of education more generally accessible to the community, the system of instruction, at the commencement of the year 1830, underwent very extensive additions and modifications, and the time of daily attendance upon the Professors was materially increased. The course of study in existence at the time of making these additions, was kept entire, and was denominated the *full course*.

Another course of instruction was established, denominated the scientific

and literary course; which latter was open to others beside matriculated students, and to such extent as they might think proper to attend.

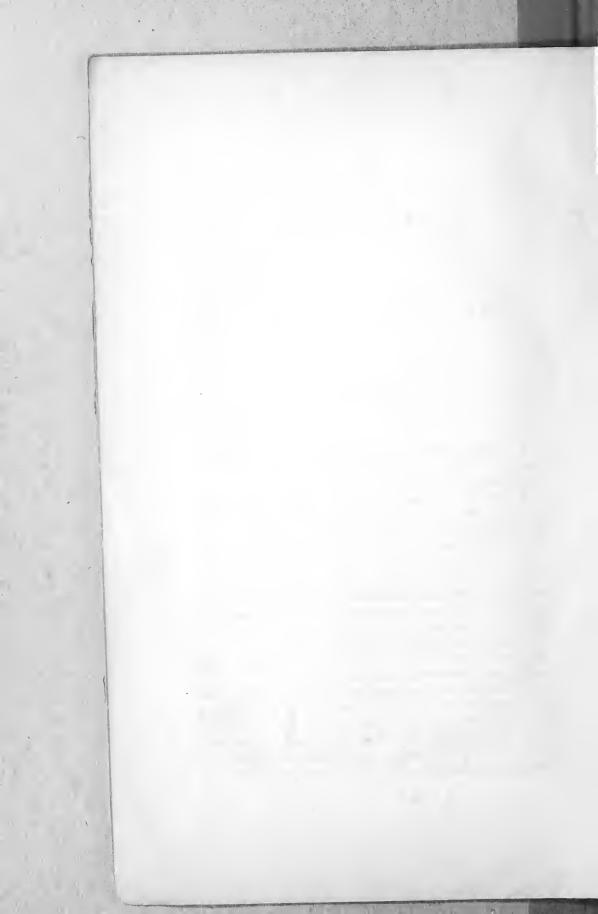
In May, 1833, the Jay-Professor of Languages was appointed Rector of the Grammar School, and an arrangement in regard thereto was made with him which still continues in force.

On a revision of the Statutes in the year 1836, both courses of study pursued in the College were further enlarged; and the Literary and Scientific course, in particular, defined and materially extended. And in order that this course, as well as the scientific branches of the Full course, might be conducted in the most efficient manner, the Trustees appropriated the sum of ten thousand dollars for the purchase of additional apparatus, as well as for adding to the Library the requisite books of reference and illustration.

The Literary and Scientific course, however, as distinguished from the Full course, did not appear to find favor with the public, and upon a revision of the Statutes, in the year 1843, was discontinued.

Among other important changes made on this same occasion, was the adoption of the German language and literature as part of the sub-graduate course, and the establishment of the Gebhard Professorship thereof, upon the endowment made by the last will and testament of Frederick Gebhard, Esquire.

In April, 1842, Wm. A. Duer, LL. D., resigned his office of President, and in the following month of August, Nathaniel F. Moore, LL. D., was elected in his place.



STATUTES

OF

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

CHAPTER I.

OF THE PRESIDENT.

1. It shall be the duty of the President to take charge and have a care of the College generally; of its buildings, of the grounds adjacent thereto, and of its movable property.

2. To report to the Trustees, as occasion shall require, concerning the state of the College, and the measures which

may be necessary for its future prosperity.

3. He shall have power, and it shall be expected of him, from time to time, to visit the classes and other College departments, and to give such directions, and perform such acts, generally, as shall, in his judgment, promote the interest of the Institution, so that they do not contravene the Charter, the Statutes, nor the decisions of the Board of the College.

4. It shall be his duty to see that the course of instruction and discipline prescribed by the Statutes be faithfully executed,

and to rectify all deviations from the same.

5. He shall have the power to grant leave of absence from the College, for a reasonable cause, and for such length of time as he shall judge the occasion may require.

6. He shall preside at commencements, and at all meetings of the Board of the College; and shall sign all diplomas for degrees duly conferred.

7. He shall assemble the classes every day, except Saturday and Sunday, at half past nine o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending prayers; after which two students, daily, in rotation, shall pronounce declamations, which may be either selected pieces or the original compositions of those who pronounce them. And at these daily prayers and other exercises of the Chapel, it shall be the duty of all members of the Board of the College to be present. And not only the Trustees, but any other persons whom the President shall think proper to admit, may be present.

8. The devotional, and other duties of the Chapel, shall be performed by the President, or by such Professor as he may appoint. The Senior Professor shall, in the absence of the President, have the same authority to command obedience, and to enforce the discipline of the Institution, as the President

possesses.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE BOARD OF THE COLLEGE.

1. The President, and the Professors engaged in the subgraduate course of instruction, shall constitute the Board of the College.

2. The Professors shall take precedence according to the

dates of their appointment.

3. It shall be the duty of the Professors who are members of the Board, to assist the President with their counsel and cooperation.

4. The Board shall have power,

To try offences committed by the Students;

To determine their relative standing;

To adjudge rewards and punishments; and,

To make all such regulations for the better execution of the College system as shall not contravene the Charter of the College nor these Statutes, nor any order of the Trustees.

5. The concurrence of the President shall be necessary to

every act of the Board.

6. In case of the absence of the President, the Senior Professor present shall preside at the meeting of the Board; and all acts of the Board thus constituted, shall be valid when approved by the President.

7. The Board shall meet, statedly, on every Saturday, for the purpose of administering the general discipline of the College. At this stated meeting, the Professors shall report concerning the conduct and proficiency of the Students; noting particularly those who have been delinquent in their behavior or attendance; or deficient or negligent in their recitation.

8. The Board shall keep a Book of Minutes of their pro-

ceedings.

9. In the Minutes of their proceedings kept by the Board, shall be noted, at every meeting, the names of the members who attend, and the names of those who are absent. These Minutes of the proceedings of the Board, it shall be the duty of the President to cause to be laid before the Trustees, at their stated meetings.

10. The Professors, who are members of the Board, shall be engaged in the instruction of the classes five days in the

week.

11. The members of the Board, whose salaries are paid out of the general fund of the College, shall not be engaged in any professional pursuits from which they derive emolument, and which are not connected with the College.

CHAPTER III.

OF THE COURSE OF STUDY.

1. The students shall be habituated, as far as may be practicable, to study *subjects* rather than whole books; and shall be directed by their instructors to the sources whence they may best derive assistance.

2. The hours of instruction at the College, shall be the four that immediately follow the morning exercises of the Chapel, on five days of each week; and during those four hours, the classes severally shall attend such instructors, and in such order, as the Board of the College shall, from time to time, direct.

3. The course of study in the several classes shall be as follows, viz.:

FIRST YEAR—FRESHMAN CLASS.

Horace's Odes, Epodes, and Satires; Virgil's Georgics; Ovid's Fasti; Cicero de Senectute, and de Amicitià; Cicero's Oration for Muræna; Dalzell's Collectanea Græca Majora (both volumes); Lucian; Latin Composition, in prose and verse; Greek and Roman Antiquities; Ancient History and Geography combined.

The German Language.

Algebra—Theory of Equations of the higher degrees; Solutions of Practical Problems; Progressions; Logarithms; Series; Interest and Annuities; Elements of Plane Geometry; Geometry of Straight Lines and Triangles; Theory of Parallels; Doctrine of the Circle; Measure of Angles; Geometry of Polygons.

English Grammar, studied on the principles of universal grammar—English Composition.

SECOND YEAR—SOPHOMORE CLASS.

Horace's Epistles; Plautus; Lucan; Livy; Tacitus; Pliny's Letters; Euripides; Homer's Iliad; Homeric Hymns;

Herodotus; Thucydides; Greek and Latin Composition, in prose and verse; Ancient Geography and History revised.

The German Language.

Geometry of Similar Figures; Analytical Plane Geometry; Analytical Plane Trigonometry—Applications; Mensuration of Heights and Distances; Surveying; Solid Geometry; Doctrine of the Sphere; Analytical Solid Geometry; Analytical Spherical Trigonometry—Projections; Descriptive Geometry; Linear Drawing; Leveling; Navigation.

Elementary Chemistry; Heat; Electricity; Galvanism; Magnetism; Optics; Relations of Heat, Electricity, Magnet-

ism and Light.

Elements of Rhetoric and Oratory; English Compositions, to be read in the Lecture-room and criticised by the Professor in the presence of the Class; Outlines of Modern History, with enlargements and explanations, and weekly analysis required from each student.

THIRD YEAR-JUNIOR CLASS.

Cicero's Philosophical works—Lucretius; Terence; Æschylus; Aristophanes; Plato; Demosthenes and Æschines de Coronâ; Greek and Latin Composition, in prose and verse; Roman Literature.

The German Language and Literature.

Practical Astronomy—Use of Instruments; Laws of the Planetary Motions; Theory of the Tides; Nautical Astronomy; General View of the Solar and Stellar Systems; Outlines of the Theory of Universal Gravitation.

Chemistry applied to the Arts—Mineralogy—Geology.

Principles of Taste and Criticism, theoretically examined and practically applied, conducted by Lectures and Recitations, with references to books; Logic; A course of Lectures on English Literature, and the Modern Literature of Europe generally, with references to authorities, and written analysis required weekly; English Composition, as in the Sophomore year.

FOURTH YEAR—SENIOR CLASS.

Cicero de Oratore; Quintilian; Dialogus de Causis Corruptæ Eloquentiæ; Juvenal and Persius; Longinus; Pindar; Sophocles; Greek and Latin Composition, in prose and verse; A course of Lectures on Grecian Literature.

The German Language and Literature.

Differential and Integral Calculus; Calculus of Variations; Applications to Geometry, Mechanics, and Physical Astronomy.

Rational and Practical Mechanics—Principles of Civil and Military Architecture, and Civil Engineering, illustrated by drawings and models.

History of Philosophy; Principles of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy; Political Economy; Evidences of Natural and Revealed Religion; the several courses conducted by Lecture with reference to authorities, and the notes and analyses of the Students examined weekly; English Compositions, as in the Junior and Sophomore years, together with the occasional practice of oral debate on subjects previously given out by the Professor.

N. B. It is to be understood, as regards the Classical department, that such of the works above specified, or such portions of them, shall be read, as the President and the Jay Professor shall think fit.

CHAPTER IV.

OF ADMISSION.

1. No Student shall be admitted into the Freshman class, unless he be accurately acquainted with the grammar of both the Greek and Latin tongues, including such rules of prosody as may be applicable to such of the Poets as he is to be examined upon; be master of Cæsar's Commentaries, except the last book; of the Orations of Cicero against Catiline and for

the Poet Archias; of the first six books of Virgil's Æneid; of Sallust; of the Gospel according to St. Luke and St. John, and the Acts of the Apostles; of Jacob's Greek Reader; of the first three books of Xenophon's Anabasis, and the first three books of Homer's Iliad. He shall also be able to translate English into grammatical Latin; and shall be well versed in the first four rules of Arithmetic; the rule of three, direct and inverse; vulgar and decimal fractions, and the extraction of the square and cube root; and Algebra, as far as the end of simple equations.

2. The Students admitted shall be arranged alphabetically, until the next intermediate examination, after which they shall be seated with reference to their respective merits, in the man-

ner hereafter designated.

3. Every Candidate admitted into the Freshman class, and every Student, at the commencement of the academical year, shall write, in the Matriculation Book of the College, his own name, and the name and place of abode of his Father or Guardian.

4. None but matriculated Students shall be allowed to attend the classes upon any pretence whatsoever, without the special permission of the Board of Trustees.

5. No Student shall be admitted into an upper class without being master of the previous part of the course.

6. No Student shall be admitted from any other College without being duly qualified, nor without a certificate from

such College of his good standing.

7. The annual tuition fee of each Student shall be ninety dollars, to be paid at the commencement of each academic year.

CHAPTER V.

OF ATTENDANCE.

1. Every Professor shall cause an exact roll to be kept of each class attending upon his instruction.

2. The roll shall be punctually called over at the hour of attendance, and all absentees marked. Such Students, also, as come into the class late, shall be marked.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE BEHAVIOUR OF THE STUDENTS.

- 1. Every Student shall conduct himself towards the President and Professors, at all times, with respect; and shall observe the strictest decorum when in class, neither doing nor countenancing any thing which may tend to incommode his Teacher, or divert the attention of his fellow students.
- 2. Every Student, when sent for by the President, shall attend without delay.
- 3. Every Student, when sent for by any of the Professors, shall attend without delay, unless it be at the hour appointed for any of the lectures, in which case he shall attend as soon as the lecture is ended.

CHAPTER VII.

OF CRIMES AND PUNISHMENTS.

1. If a Student neglect his studies; or interrupt the studies of another; or disturb the President, or any of the Professors;

or in any manner, behave indecorously, he shall be admonished, degraded, suspended, dismissed, or expelled, according to the nature and aggravation of his offence.

2. If a Student commence any professional study during his academical course, he shall be dismissed from the College.

3. If a Student be guilty of profane cursing or swearing; or be intoxicated with liquor; or concerned in any riot; or strike a fellow student; or keep the company of infamous persons; or frequent gambling houses, or any other place of ill-resort, or be guilty of any other known vice, he shall be admonished, suspended, dismissed, or expelled, according to the nature and aggravation of his offence.

4. If a Student contumaciously resist the authority of the President and Professors, or any of them, he may be suspended, dismissed, or expelled.

5. No Student who shall have been expelled, or twice dismissed, shall be re-admitted.

6. Whenever a Student shall be publicly admonished, suspended, dismissed, or expelled, notice shall be immediately given to his Parents or Guardians.

CHAPTER VIII.

OF THE MODE OF PUNISHMENT.

I. Complaint of misdemeanor in a Student must be made, in the first instance, to the President, who, unless the offence be so flagrant as, in his judgment, to require the interference of the Board of the College, shall privately admonish the offender; and upon failure of success, may, in his discretion, bring the subject before the Board.

2. A Professor, for misconduct in his presence, may cite the offender to appear before the Board.

- 3. The punishments, of public admonition, suspension, degradation, dismission, and expulsion, shall be inflicted only by an act of the Board.
- 4. All public punishments shall be according to a written form, prepared by the President, as the occasion may require, and read in the Chapel by him, or his substitute.
- 5. A Student, whom it may be necessary to bring before the Board, shall have due notice of the time and place of their meeting, and shall be allowed to defend himself.
- 6. When a charge of misconduct shall be preferred against a Student, the Board shall have power to require the attendance of any other Student as a witness.
- 7. If it appear to the Board, that the members of a class, or any number of them, have entered into a combination, to avoid collegiate duties, or to violate any of the Statutes, or any regulation of the Board, they may be proceeded against, by punishing any one, or more, who shall be found among the number of those who have so combined.
- 8. If injury be done to the buildings, or other property of the Institution, by any of the Students, the Board shall have power to impose pecuniary mulcts, to the extent of the damage committed, upon the persons concerned, or any of them; and, unless such mulcts be paid, to render an account of the damage to the Parents or Guardians of such Students, and in case of their neglect or refusal to pay the same, the Board may, in their discretion, suspend any Student, so offending, from attendance upon the lectures, until the required payment shall be made.

CHAPTER IX.

OF EXAMINATIONS.

1. There shall be two examinations of all the classes every year. The one to commence on the first Monday in Febru-

ary, and the other on the first Monday in July. The latter shall be the concluding examination in an academical year; the former shall be called the *intermediate examination*.

- 2. The review of the studies of each term shall in no case be allowed to occupy more than four weeks immediately preceding each examination; and throughout such review, the usual attendance of the classes shall continue as before, except that the Senior class shall be permitted to absent themselves from College during the week immediately preceding their examination.
- 3. The examinations shall be held in the presence of the President, the Professors, the Students, of a Committee of the Trustees, and of such other persons as shall choose to attend.
- 4. Previous to the intermediate and concluding examinations, public notice shall be given, in two of the daily papers published in the city, of the time when the examinations are to commence. And the Regents of the University, the Trustees of the College, the Parents and Guardians of Students, and such other persons as the President may think proper to invite, shall be requested to attend.
- 5. The examinations are to be close and rigid; every Student being left to stand or fall upon his proper merits; due tenderness being at the same time shown, that the effects of perturbation may be avoided as much as possible.
- 6. At the concluding examination, the Board may exclude any Student, who shall have been deficient in the studies of the preceding year, from proceeding to a higher class.
- 7. A Student who at the concluding examination shall not be permitted to proceed together with his class, may, nevertheless, be allowed to rejoin the same, if at the next intermediate examination he shall appear to have made up his deficiency.
- 8. Immediately after each concluding examination, such candidates for admission into College as prefer to be examined at that time, may be examined.

CHAPTER X.

OF TESTIMONIALS.

1. At the close of every examination, a Testimonial of Merit, decorated with the seal of the College, and with suitable devices, shall be awarded, in each class, to the Student who shall be considered by the Board of the College as of the best general standing; and there shall also be awarded by the President, and the Professor of each respective department, a Special Testimonial to the Student of the best standing in each particular department of study, exclusive of the Student receiving the general testimonial.

2. The testimonials awarded at the intermediate examinations shall be publicly announced, and delivered by the President in the Chapel of the College, on the first Monday in March in each year, in the presence of the Trustees, Faculty, and Students of the College, and of such other persons as shall attend on the invitation of the President; after which, there shall be exercises in declamation by not less than two Students in each class, to be previously designated by the President. The declamations of the Senior and Junior classes shall be of their own composition, in the English language; those of the other classes may be selected pieces, approved by the President; and to three of those who speak on any such occasion there shall be awarded by the Trustees, the President, and the Professors of the College present, the following prizes, viz.:— To the speaker whom a majority of the said judges shall consider the best, books of the value of twenty dollars, and to each of the two whom the said judges shall esteem the next best speakers, books of the value of ten dollars.

3. The testimonials awarded at the concluding examinations shall be announced and conferred at the annual Commencements; and the names of the Students entitled to them shall, by appropriate designations, be made to appear in the printed catalogues.

4. The possessor of the General Testimonial, in each class,

shall be entitled to precedence in the seats, and in the catalogues, and those of special testimonials shall be entitled, in alphabetical order, to the next places; provided that Students who receive more than one honor shall, in proportion to the numbers, take precedence next to those possessing the general honors. The other Students, in each class, shall be arranged in alphabetical order.

CHAPTER XI.

OF COMMENCEMENTS.

1. There shall be an annual commencement on the Wednesday next succeeding the fourth Monday in July, when academical degrees shall be conferred.

2. Previously to conferring the degrees, public exercises shall be performed by the Candidates, in such manner as the

Board of the College shall direct.

3. No Student shall be admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, unless, besides due proficiency in his studies, he shall compose an exercise for the Commencement, which shall be submitted to the President; and the Student who shall refuse or neglect to adopt the corrections and amendments pointed out to him, or who shall deliver his oration, or exercise for the day, otherwise than is approved by the President, shall not receive his degree.

4. It shall be the duty of the Board to designate those who are to speak, and also to assign to each Speaker his respective part on Commencement day; and any Student neglecting or refusing to perform the part assigned to him, shall not receive

his degree.

5. No Alumnus of this College shall obtain the degree of Master of Arts in less than three years after the date of his first diploma; nor then, unless he shall have made such literary

progress as, in the judgment of the Board, shall entitle him thereto. The President may assign to one or more of the Alumni of the College, who may apply for a degree of Master of Arts, such orations or exercises as he may deem expedient; which orations or exercises shall be delivered the last in the order of the day, the valedictory oration excepted; but no oration or exercise shall be delivered, unless approved of by the President.

6. No person of immoral character shall be admitted to the honors of this College.

7. Each candidate for the degree of Bachelor or Master of Arts, shall, before the same is conferred, pay to the Librarian all arrearages of dues that may be payable from him to the College; and also to the President the usual fee of eight dollars, for conferring such degree and signing the diploma.

8. A committee of the Trustees, to be annually appointed for that purpose, shall, together with the President, make all further requisite arrangements for the Annual Commencement; and all necessary expenses attending the celebration shall be defrayed by the College; Provided, that such expenses shall not exceed the sum of two hundred dollars.

CHAPTER XII.

OF VACATIONS.

1. There shall be a vacation of all the classes from the last day of July, until the Saturday next preceding the first Monday in October, on which latter day the regular course of study shall commence. The candidates for admission shall be previously examined.

2. There shall be an intermission of the public lectures on the 4th day of July, the 25th day of November, on such days in each year as may be recommended by the civil authority to be observed as days of fast or thanksgiving, and from the 24th day of December until the 4th day of January, both exclusive.

CHAPTER XIII.

OF THE LIBRARY.

1. The Students of the Senior, Junior, and Sophomore classes, and such of the Freshman class as may be designated by the President, shall have access to the College Library, and be permitted to take books therefrom, on the days and at the hours appointed for that purpose, so long as they observe the rules duly established in regard thereto.

2. All books taken out within the four weeks next preceding the third Tuesday in July of every year, shall be taken under an engagement to return the same previous to that day. The Librarian shall on that day annually lay before the President a written statement of the condition of the Library, together with the names of those who retain books that should have been returned, or who are otherwise in default as regards the Library. He shall endeavor to have on that day every book belonging to the Library in its place.

3. During the interval between the said third Tuesday in July and the end of the following vacation, no books shall be taken from the Library.

CHAPTER XIV.

OF FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.

1. The Corporation of the City of New-York; the Corporation of the City of Brooklyn; the Trustees of the New-York Public School Society; the Trustees or Directors of the Clinton Hall Association; of the Mercantile Library Association; of the Mechanics' Institute; and of the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of New-York, shall each be entitled to have always two students, and the Corporation of Jersey City, one student educated in the College, free of all charges of tuition.

2. Every Religious denomination in the City of New-York shall be entitled to have always one Student, who may be designed for the ministry, educated in the College free of all

charges of tuition.

3. Every School—except the Grammar School of the College—from which there shall be admitted in any one year, into the College, four Students, who pay their matriculation fees, shall have the privilege of sending one Scholar to be educated gratuitously in the College.

CHAPTER XV.

OF FOUNDATIONS.

1. Any person or persons who may found a scholarship, to the amount of one thousand dollars, shall be entitled to have always one Student educated in the College free of all charges of tuition. This right may be transferred to others. The scholarship shall bear such name as the founder or founders may designate.

2. Any religious denomination, or any person or persons

who shall endow a Professorship in the Classics, in Political, Mathematical, or Physical Science, or in the literature of any of the ancient or modern Languages, to the amount of twenty thousand dollars, shall, for ever, have the right of nominating a professor for the same, subject to the approbation of the Board of Trustees, who shall hold his office by the same tenure as the other Professors of the College; the nomination to be made by the authorized representatives of the religious community, or by the person or persons who shall make the endowment, or such person or persons as he or they may designate. The proceeds of the endowment shall be appropriated to the salary of the Professor.



REGULATIONS

ESTABLISHED BY THE

BOARD OF COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE STATUTES.

1. The Students shall repair to the chapel immediately upon the ringing of the bell, on the days and at the hour prescribed by the Statutes—so that all in attendance may be present when the bell ceases to ring.

2. The names of those Students who are absent at the calling of the roll in the chapel, shall be taken down by a member of each class respectively, to be designated by the President, to whom the list of absentees shall be at once delivered.

3. Students absent from the chapel, shall be called on for their excuses, as in the case of any other non-attendance.

4. Upon leaving the chapel, the several classes shall forthwith repair to their respective lecture rooms—nor shall any avoidable delay be permitted in passing from one lecture room to another, at the expiration of the intermediate hours of attendance—and the names of Students who are dilatory or neglect to repair forthwith to any of the lecture rooms, when requested by the *Janitor*, shall be reported immediately by him to the President.

5. No Student shall neglect or omit to attend at the College, on the days and at the hours prescribed, without previously obtaining leave of absence from the President, except in case of sickness or other unavoidable cause of detention.

6. Every Student who shall be absent from the College, without having previously obtained permission of the President, shall, upon the first day of his re-appearance at College, present to the President a written excuse signed by his parent or guardian, specifying the cause or reason of his non-attendance.

- 7. No Student shall leave the College, or its precincts, during the hours of attendance, without permission from the President; nor shall any Student leave the chapel or any of the lecture rooms without permission of the President, or of the Professor, or Instructor presiding therein.
- 8. Students obtaining leave of temporary absence, from any of the lecture rooms, shall not remain absent therefrom longer than the occasion may require; and the names of all Students remaining absent from the chapel or any of the lecture rooms, whether with or without leave, who shall neglect to repair to the same respectively when requested by the Janitor, shall be immediately reported by him to the President.
- 9. No Student shall bring into the Chapel or any of the lecture rooms, any cane, umbrella, or newspaper, nor any book other than those used in his course of study.
- 10. No missiles, of any description, shall be thrown by any Student within the College nor upon the Green, except in such games of recreation as the President may permit before and after the hours of attendance.

